Incident Report - Potentially Exposed Populations (PEPs) Page 1 of 4										
Section 1: General Survey Information										
1.1 Location - Country										
1.3 Report Start Date/Time				(1500)						
1.4 Report Completion Date/Time				(1500)						
1.5 Preparer Name			1.6 Preparer Email Addres	es						
1.7 Preparer Phone Number			1.8 Preparer Unit							
Section 2: General Potentially Expos	sed Population In	formation								
2.1 PEP Name										
2.2 PEP Description										
2.3 Frequency of Exposure										
2.4 Duration of Exposure										
Section 3: Persons - Controlled Unclassified Information (For a large roster, submit columns below in an Excel file)										
3.1 EDI PN ID (FN#)	3.2 Foreign National	3	3.3 First Name	3.4 Last Name	3.5 DOB (yyyy/mm/dd)	3.6 Last 4 digits of SSN (FN#)				
	Yes No									
	Yes No									
	Yes No									
	Yes No									
	Yes No									
	Yes No									
Section 4: General Hazard Information	on (This form is	on page 4 of	this survey)							
Section 5: Hazard Mitigation and Co	ntrols									
5.1 Summarize types and effectiveness of personnel decontamination										
5.2 Summarize types and effectiveness of area/equipment decontamination										

	Incident Report - Potentially Exposed Populations (PEPs) Page 2 of 4									
Section 6: Control Used to Minimize Exposure										
Co (Engineering,	ontrol Type Administrative or PPE)		Control Class		Control Nan	ne/ Mask Type	Descri	ption	Comments (e.g. Limitations)	Estimated Effectiveness (Reduction of Estimated Exposure Levels)
Section 7: Hea	alth Effects									
7.1 Signs/Sympto	oms/Effects reported (If yes,	, answer 7	7.2 and 7.3)		Yes		Unknown		No	
7.2 Summary of	Severity of Signs/Symptoms/	/Effects								
Туре	Sign/Symptom/Effect		# Severe	# Mo	derate	# Mild	Total	Cor	mments/Specifications	3
Eyes	☐ Irritation/Burning ☐ Pin-pointed pupils ☐ Other (Specify)									
Respiratory	☐ Irritation/burning ☐ Coughing ☐ Trouble Breating									
Gastrointestinal	Other (Specify)  Nausea/vomit Other (Specify)									
Neurological	Dizziness Seizures Other (Specify)									
Skin	Irritation/burning  Blistering  Other (Specify)									

Incident Report - Potentially Exposed Populations (PEPs) Page 3 c								
7.3 General acute health effects observed								
7.4 Clinical sampling(e.g. urine, blood) performed for any person in PEP								
(If yes, explain 7.5)	Yes	No	Unknown	7.5 Explain				
*See definition at the end of this form								
Section 8: Risk Communication								
8.1 Risk communication efforts and/or documents used to inform exposed personnel (If yes, answer 8.2 and 8.3)			Yes	No	Unknown			
8.2 Describe or attach below risk communication documents or efforts								
8.3 Comments regarding risk communication efforts								
Section 9: Attachments								
* Affix any documentation or other attachments related to the PEP to the back of this form. Ensure documents are scanned and loaded into DOEHRS when the survey is entered								
* Biological/Clinical Samples - Human 'specimen' samples of media such as blood/serum, urine, hair, or other tissue obtained by medical personnel that are used to indicate information regarding a person's potential exposure to a hazardous agent – e.g. the presence of a hazardous agent or a metabolite that indicates exposure. In most cases these are biomarkers of EXPOSURE and are not used to infer levels or duration of exposure or significance to specific adverse effects.								

Incident Report - Potentially Exposed Population(s) - Hazard Form										
Section 1: General Survey Information	on									
1.1 Location - Country		1.2 Loc	ation - Site							
1.3 Report Start Date/Time		(yyyy/mm/dd)			(1500)					
1.4 Report Completion Date/Time			(1500)							
1.5 Preparer Name		1.6 Pre Address	eparer Email s							
1.7 Preparer Phone Number		1.8 Pre	eparer Unit							
Section 2: General Hazard Information	on (Complete this page for each	PEP Hazard)								
2.1 Hazard										
2.2 Frequency of Hazard										
2.3 Duration of Hazard										
2.4 Exposure Routes(s) (Select all that apply)	Inhalation Skin Absorption Ingestion Skin and/or Eye Contact									
2.5 Estimated Exposure Levels (May be derived from samples, data from screening/ field detection, qualitative information, etc.)										
2.6 Exposure Estimate Basis	Quantitative Data - Quantified concentration/dose levels from field or laboratory analytical systems/devices.  Modeling - Extrapolated/computer based concentration/dose contours or estimated ranges.  Qualitative Information - Visual/odors/symptoms and/or results from detection/direct reading devices that provide qualitative readings such as "presence/absence", alarm or general range/color metric information.									
2.61 Exposure Estimate Type	Maximum/Peak	Average		Median						
(if Quantitative Basis)	Range	Dose		Other(Specify)						
2.62 Number of Samples Used in Exposure Estimate (if Quantitative Basis)										
2.7 Exposure Estimate Rationale										
2.8 Hazard Justification* (See definition at the end of the form)	Clinical Sampling (e.g. urine, blo	od) Signs/Symptoms	EH Sampling	Field Detection Equipment (If selected, answer 2.9						
(Select all that apply)	Observations IH Sampli	ng Radiation Dosimetry	Other (Specif	y)						
2.9 Description of Equipment										
2.10 Justification Comments										
Section 3: Associated EH/Radiation	Samples									

\* Affix any sampling documentation related to the hazard to the back of this form. Ensure documents are scanned and loaded into DOEHRS when the survey is entered

## Section 4: Associated IH Samples - For Official Use Only

- \* Affix any industrial hygiene sampling documentation related to the hazard to the back of this form. Ensure documents are scanned and loaded into DOEHRS when the survey is entered
- \* Hazard Justification Definitions
- -----Field Detection Equipment (aka. Direct Reading Equipment, Detection Equipment) Device/system that can be used directly at the source/location of the contaminated media general with no collection and processing of a "sample" and provide a 'real-time' (minutes<24 hours) response "response" may be QUALITATIVE (M256 or DAAMS tubes) or QUANTITATIVE (example HAPSITE).
- -----Sampling [IH/EH Sampling] Refers to the collection and packaging and transport of a sample media from the field to a location where it is analytically processed to specifically identify hazard types and quantified levels.
- -----Biological/Clinical Samples Human 'specimen' samples of media such as blood/serum, urine, hair, or other tissue obtained by medical personnel that are used to indicate information regarding a person's potential exposure to a hazardous agent e.g. the presence of a hazardous agent or a metabolite that indicates exposure. In most cases these are biomarkers of EXPOSURE and are not used to infer levels or duration of exposure or significance to specific adverse effects.